

ATTACHMENT A
City Council Information
February 3, 2023



The Office of Government Relations is guided by the principles endorsed by the Mayor and Council. Our highest priorities are maintaining and preserving **shared revenues**, opposing **unfunded mandates**, protecting **local authority**, and involvement in **water resource** matters.

This Legislative Report provides information about bills that could impact the City. February 3, 2023 is the 26th day of the Second Regular Session of the 56th Legislature. The information provided in this report regarding status of legislation is current as of February 2, 2023. To date, 1,310 bills have been introduced and staff continues to review these measures to identify potential impacts.

Bills that staff has identified as negatively impacting the City

HB2003 - Corporate income tax; rates

Sponsor

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Summary

Decreases the corporate income tax rate to 4.0 percent of net income in tax year 2023, 3.5 percent of net income in tax year 2024, 3.0 percent of net income in tax year 2025, and 2.5 percent of net income in tax years beginning with 2026, from 4.9 percent of net income.

Last Action

2023-01-20 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - House RULES, HHR 4

HB2019 - Licensing; permitting; criteria; clarity

Sponsor

Rep. Travis Grantham (R)

Summary

If a county or municipality requires a license or permit for any constitutionally protected activity or any activity that changes the use, appearance, or density of a structure or

land, the county or municipality is required to state in clear and unambiguous language the criteria for granting the license or permit. Counties and municipalities are required to grant or deny an application for such a license or permit within 30 days. Some exceptions.

Last Action

2023-01-31 H - DP - House Commerce

HB2059 - Riot; unlawful assembly; classification; liability

Sponsor

Rep. Lupe Diaz (R)

Summary

Establishes the crime of aggravated riot, a class 3 (upper mid-level) felony, if a person, in the course of committing a riot, participates with 25 or more other persons, causes serious physical injury to another person who is not participating in the riot, causes property damage in excess of \$5,000, displays, uses, threatens to use, or attempts to use a deadly weapon, or, by force or by the threat of force, endangers the safe movement of a motor vehicle traveling on a public street. Establishes the crime of mob intimidation, a class 1 (highest) misdemeanor, if a person, assembled with two or more other persons and acting with common intent, uses force or threatens to use imminent force to compel or attempt to compel another person to do or refrain from doing any act or to assume, abandon or maintain a particular viewpoint against the person's will. The list of circumstances under which assault is classified as aggravated assault, a class 6 (lowest) felony, is expanded to include if the person commits the assault on a peace officer in the furtherance of a riot or unlawful assembly. A person convicted of aggravated assault on a peace officer in these circumstances must be sentenced to serve no less than the minimum sentence and is not eligible for probation or suspension of execution of sentence until the entire sentence is served. Burglary committed during a riot where the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by "conditions arising from the riot" (defined) is classified as burglary in the first degree. The criminal classification of abuse of venerated objects by desecrating any public monument, memorial, or property of a public park is increased to a class 6 (lowest) felony, from a class 2 (mid-level) misdemeanor. A person who is convicted of any offense that is committed in furtherance of a riot or an unlawful assembly must be sentenced to the next higher class of offense than that for which the person is convicted. A municipality has a duty to allow a municipality law enforcement agency to respond appropriately to protect persons and property during a riot or unlawful assembly based on the availability of adequate equipment to its city and town law enforcement officers and relevant state and federal laws. If a municipal governing body or a person who is authorized by the municipal governing body breaches that duty, the municipality is liable in a civil action for any damages, including damages arising from personal injury, wrongful death or property damages proximately caused by the breach of duty.

Last Action

2023-01-18 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/18/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2061 - Food; municipal tax; exemption.

Sponsor

Rep. Leo Biasiucci (R)

Summary

Municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions are prohibited from levying a transaction privilege, sales, or use tax or fee on the sale of food items intended for human

consumption or home consumption (as defined elsewhere in statute and by rule). Applies to tax periods on or after the first day of the month following the general effective date.

Last Action

2023-01-20 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - House RULES, HHR 4

HB2067 - Residential leases; municipal tax exemption

Sponsor

Rep. Neal Carter (R)

Summary

Beginning January 1, 2024, municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions are prohibited from levying a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax or fee on the business of renting or leasing real property for residential purposes. Does not apply to health care facilities, long-term care facilities, hotels, motels, or other transient lodging businesses. By January 1, 2024, the owner of real property that is rented or leased for residential purposes and that is located in a municipality or other taxing jurisdiction that levies such a tax is required to reduce the amount of rent due by an amount equal to the difference caused by the elimination of the tax as provided in this legislation. Contains a legislative intent section. Applies to tax periods beginning January 1, 2024.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - DP - House Ways & Means

HB2144 - Open meetings; capacity; posting; violation

Sponsor

Rep. Timothy M. Dunn (R)

Summary

All public bodies are required to provide for an amount of seating sufficient to accommodate the reasonably anticipated attendance of all persons desiring to attend the deliberations and proceedings, when feasible. The agenda for a public meeting is required to include notice of the time that the public will have physical access to the meeting place. A head of a public body that violates this requirement is liable for a civil penalty as provided in statute for open meeting law violations.

Last Action

2023-01-25 H - DPA - House Government

HB2195 - Criminal justice data collection; system

Sponsor

Rep. Quang H. Nguyen (R)

Summary

The Arizona Criminal Justice Commission is required to implement the state, county and municipal open data system. The Commission is required to publish the data system Commission's website in an electronic format that is accessible to the public. Beginning on January 1, 2024, and unless prohibited by any other law, criminal justice agencies in Arizona are required to submit specified data into the system. The Commission is required to establish policies to protect confidential information. Appropriates \$4.7 million in FY2023-24, \$4.8 million in FY2024-25, and \$4.8 million in FY2025-26 from the general fund to the Commission to implement the data system.

Last Action

2023-01-19 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/25/2023 9:00 AM - House JUD, HHR 4

HB2213 - TPT; exemption; utilities; residential customers**Sponsor**

Rep. Gail Griffin (R)

Summary

The list of deductions from the tax base for the utilities classification of transaction privilege taxes is expanded to include gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales to residential natural or artificial gas and electricity retail customers. Applies to tax periods beginning on or after the first day of the month following the general effective date.

Last Action

2023-01-19 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/19/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2215 - Hazardous waste manifest resubmittals; fees**Sponsor**

Rep. Gail Griffin (R)

Summary

Repeals statute allowing the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality to return an improperly completed manifest for a shipment of hazardous waste to the person who prepared the manifest and require the person to complete and resubmit the manifest, and eliminates the fee of \$20 for resubmittal of the manifest.

Last Action

2023-01-24 H - HELD - House Natural Resources, Energy & Water

HB2284 - Homelessness; housing; facilities**Sponsor**

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Summary

The Arizona Department of Housing (ADOH) is required to accept and allocate monies appropriated by the Legislature for services for individuals experiencing homelessness. Monies must be used for parking areas that have access to potable water, electric outlets, and bathrooms; camping facilities and individual shelters that meet specified requirements; and shelters that house at least four individuals and that provide programs to improve the employment and income of individuals leaving the shelter. ADOH is required to prioritize spending for all of these purposes before spending monies on permanent housing for individuals experiencing homelessness. ADOH is authorized to use monies appropriated to assist individuals experiencing homelessness with substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, and other services. A person is prohibited from using state or local government owned lands for unauthorized sleeping, camping, or long-term shelter, and from allowing such land to be used for these purposes. Political subdivisions are prohibited from adopting or enforcing policies that discourage or prohibit the enforcement of any order or ordinance that prohibits public camping or sleeping or obstructing a public right-of-way. The Attorney General is authorized to bring a civil action against a political subdivision in violation. Severability clause. Effective January 1, 2024.

Last Action

2023-02-06 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/06/2023 2:00 PM - House HHS, HHR 4

HB2418 - Law enforcement; response times; requirements**Sponsor**

Rep. Matt Gress (R)

Summary

Municipalities are required to provide for enough law enforcement patrol officers to achieve a response time to each law enforcement emergency call of five minutes or less. The Arizona Criminal Justice Commission is required to establish policies and procedures that define law enforcement emergency response time. The Auditor General is required to annually perform an audit of the processes and data used in compiling and determining municipal law enforcement emergency response times.

Last Action

2023-02-06 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/06/2023 2:00 PM - House MAPS, HHR 1

SB1058 - Law enforcement; polygraph examinations; prohibition

Sponsor

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Employers are prohibited from administering a polygraph examination to an applicant for the position of law enforcement officer or to a law enforcement agency volunteer. The requirement for data and reports from a polygraph examination of a law enforcement officer to be destroyed three years after the date of appointment or employment is moved to session law and self-repeals January 1, 2027.

Last Action

2023-01-25 S - DP - Senate Military Affairs, Public Safety and Border Security

SB1098 - Truck routes; signage

Sponsor

Sen. Frank Carroll (R)

Summary

If the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) or a local authority prohibits the operation of trucks or other commercial vehicles or imposes limitations as to the weight of vehicles on designated highways, the signs that ADOT or the local authority is required to place on the highway must be placed at least every 1/4 mile, must inform the public of the restrictions, and must direct the public to the fastest route to leave a restricted route. Any restrictions, including those imposed before the effective date of this legislation, are unenforceable if ADOT or the local authority fails to erect or maintain the signs according to these requirements.

Last Action

2023-01-30 S - DP - Senate Transportation and Technology

SB1108 - Income tax; credit; labor costs

Sponsor

Sen. Wendy Rogers (R)

Summary

For tax years beginning with 2024, establishes an individual and corporate income tax credit for a portion of a taxpayer's increased hourly labor costs that results from paying a local minimum wage that is more than the state minimum wage. The amount of the credit is ten percent of the difference between the amount of hourly labor costs the employer actually paid to employees and the amount of hourly labor costs that the employer would have paid to employees if the local minimum wage was the same as the state minimum wage. Requirements to qualify for the credit are specified. If the allowable credit exceeds taxes due, the unused amount may be carried forward for up

to five consecutive tax years. Each month the State Treasurer is required to withhold from a municipality an amount equal to 1/12 of the total amount of credits claimed for the prior taxable year by taxpayer's located in that municipality from the municipality's distribution of state shared revenues. Some exceptions.

Last Action

2023-01-30 S - DP - Senate Finance

SB1122 - Transportation tax; election; Maricopa county

Sponsor

Sen. David C. Farnsworth (R)

Summary

If approved by the voters at a countywide election, a county with a population of 3 million or more persons (Maricopa) is required to levy a tax of up to ten percent of the transaction privilege tax rate as of January 1, 1990. The tax levied will be in effect for 15 years. Specifies the distribution of net revenues from the tax levy, with 80 percent of revenues distributed to the Regional Area Road Fund for freeways and other routes in the state highway system, and 20 percent of revenues distributed to the Regional Area Road Fund for major arterial streets. Beginning January 1, 2026, a regional public transportation authority is established in a county with a population of 3 million or more persons that approves a county transportation excise tax.

Last Action

2023-02-06 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/06/2023 2:00 PM - Senate TAT, SHR 2

SB1162 - Home-based businesses; restrictions; prohibition

Sponsor

Sen. Steve Kaiser (R)

Summary

A home-based business must be allowed as a use by right if the home-based business does not supersede any deed restriction, covenant or agreement restricting the use of land, a master deed or any other document applicable to a common interest ownership community. Counties and municipalities cannot prohibit a "no-impact home-based business" (defined) or require a person to apply for, register, or obtain a permit, license, variance or other type of prior municipal approval to operate a no-impact home-based business. Counties and municipalities are authorized to establish reasonable regulations on a home-based business if the regulations are narrowly tailored for specified purposes, including protecting public health and safety and ensuring that the business activity is compatible with residential use of the property.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/26/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1184 - Municipal tax exemption; residential leases

Sponsor

Sen. Steve Kaiser (R)

Summary

Beginning October 1, 2024, municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions are prohibited from levying a transaction privilege, use, or other similar tax or fee on the business of renting or leasing residential property for residential dwellings of up to four units. Some exceptions. Beginning January 1, 2028, municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions are prohibited from levying a transaction privilege, use, or other similar tax or fee on the business of renting or leasing residential property for residential dwellings of more than

four units. Some exceptions. The owner of real property that is rented or leased for residential purposes and that is located in a municipality or other taxing jurisdiction that levies a transaction privilege tax on the business of renting or leasing real property for residential purposes is required to reduce the amount of rent due by an amount equal to the difference caused by the elimination of the transaction privilege tax on the business of renting or leasing real property for residential purposes on the effective date of the tax elimination for that property. The Arizona Department of Revenue is required to electronically notify each residential rental transaction privilege tax licensee of these provisions. Also, municipalities are required to use monies paid from revenues collected from a remote seller in the retail transaction privilege tax classification and paid to the municipality as state shared revenue for public safety before any other municipal purpose.

Last Action

2023-02-01 S - DP - Senate Commerce

SCR1011 - Homelessness; facilities; housing

Sponsor

Sen. Steve Kaiser (R)

Summary

The 2024 general election ballot is to carry the question of whether to amend state statute to allow monies in the Housing Trust Fund to be used for services for individuals experiencing homelessness. The Arizona Department of Housing (ADOH) is required to accept and allocate monies appropriated by the Legislature for services for individuals experiencing homelessness. Monies must be used for parking areas that have access to potable water, electric outlets, and bathrooms; camping facilities and individual shelters that meet specified requirements; and shelters that house at least four individuals and that provide programs to improve the employment and income of individuals leaving the shelter. ADOH is required to prioritize spending for all of these purposes before spending monies on permanent housing for individuals experiencing homelessness. ADOH is authorized to use monies appropriated to assist individuals experiencing homelessness with substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, and other services. A person is prohibited from using state or local government owned lands for unauthorized sleeping, camping, or long-term shelter, and from allowing such land to be used for these purposes. Political subdivisions are prohibited from adopting or enforcing policies that discourage or prohibit the enforcement of any order or ordinance that prohibits public camping or sleeping or obstructing a public right-of-way. The Attorney General is authorized to bring a civil action against a political subdivision in violation. Severability clause.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

Bills that staff has identified as beneficial to the City

HB2047 - Vacation rentals; short-term rentals; restrictions

Sponsor

Rep. Selina Bliss (R)

Summary

A municipality with a population of less than 17,000 persons is allowed to limit the number of vacation rentals and short-term rentals based on a percentage of total residentially zoned buildings or structures in that municipality, and is allowed to regulate vacation rentals or short-term rentals in the same manner as transient lodging activities.

Last Action

2023-01-11 H - Introduced

HB2191 - State law; local violation; repeal.

Sponsor

Rep. Jennifer L. Longdon (D)

Summary

Repeals statute requiring the Attorney General to investigate any official action taken by the governing body of a county or municipality that a member of the Legislature alleges violates state law or the state Constitution, and withholding state shared monies from the county or municipality if the Attorney General concludes that there is a violation and if the county or municipality fails to resolve the violation within 30 days.

Last Action

2023-01-18 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/18/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2373 - Permits; automated permitting platform

Sponsor

Rep. Leo Biasiucci (R)

Summary

Counties and municipalities are authorized to use a "qualified online automated permitting platform" to verify code compliance for the purpose of issuing permits for the use of certain solar energy devices.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 2:00 PM - House RA, HHR 5

HB2569 - Appropriation; Happy Valley Road

Sponsor

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Last Action

2023-01-31 H - Introduced

SB1006 - Municipal notices and ordinances; posting

Sponsor

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Notices of election, invitations for bids, notices of letting contracts, laws and ordinances, and other public notice issued by a municipal governing body are allowed to be posted on the municipality's website in lieu of being published in a newspaper. A municipality that posts notices on the website is required to provide a link to a listing of all current notices and ordinances on the website's home page.

Last Action

2023-01-20 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Senate RULES, Caucus Room 1

SB1079 - Water infrastructure finance authority; cities**Sponsor**

Sen. Thomas "T.J." Shope (R)

Summary

Municipalities are no longer required to obtain voter approval to enter into a financial assistance loan repayment agreement with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority to finance wastewater treatment and drinking water treatment facilities.

Last Action

2023-01-23 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1148 - Law enforcement; video recordings; fee**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Municipalities are authorized to establish a fee that is charged to a person who submits a public records request to a local law enforcement agency for a copy of a video recording.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1193 - Online home sharing; repeal**Sponsor**

Sen. Christine Marsh (D)

Summary

Repeals statutes prohibiting municipalities and counties from prohibiting vacation rentals or short-term rentals and limiting the restrictions that municipalities and counties may place on those rentals to a list of specified purposes. Repeals the online lodging marketplace transaction privilege tax classification, and the requirement for online lodging marketplaces to register with the Department of Revenue for payment of transaction privilege taxes on online lodging transactions. Repeals the requirement for online lodging operators to have a current transaction privilege tax license and related civil penalties for noncompliance. Repeals the Joint Legislative Study Committee on Transient Lodging.

Last Action

2023-01-31 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/31/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1499 - Appropriation; Happy Valley Road.**Sponsor**

Sen. Frank Carroll (R)

Summary

Appropriates \$12.5 million from the general fund in FY2023-24 to the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) to distribute to the City of Phoenix for improvements on Happy Valley Road between 35th Avenue and 67th Avenue. The Legislature intends that ADOT use any federal monies available for the project and that the City of Phoenix contribute \$14.8 million to the project.

Last Action

2023-01-30 S - Introduced

SCR1006 - Death benefit; assault; first responders.**Sponsor**

Sen. David Gowan (R)

Summary

The 2024 general election ballot is to carry the question of whether to amend state statute to levy a surcharge of two percent on every fine, penalty and forfeiture imposed and collected by the courts for criminal offenses and on traffic-related civil penalties through December 31, 2032, and to deposit the monies from the surcharge in the newly established State Supplemental Benefit Fund. Beginning January 1, 2024, the state is required to pay \$250,000 to the surviving spouse of a "first responder" (defined) who is "killed in the line of duty" (defined), using monies from the Fund. Contains legislative findings. Severability clause.

Last Action

2023-01-25 S - DPA - Senate Military Affairs, Public Safety and Border Security

Bills staff is monitoring

HB2015 - Retirement plans; plan election; rehire

Sponsor

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Summary

For the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan, if an eligible employee who was already a member of the plan is subsequently rehired or hired by a new employer, the employee is allowed to make a new election to participate in either the regular plan or the defined contribution plan before the 90th day after the date of hire. If the employee does not make a new election in that time, the employee's previous election continues. Previously, once an employee made an election, that election was irrevocable for the remainder of the employee's employment with any employer under the system, regardless of whether the employment was continuous.

Last Action

2023-01-25 H - DP - House Ways & Means

HB2028 - PSPRS; contribution rates

Sponsor

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Summary

Beginning with FY2023-24, the contribution rate for members of the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System is reduced to 7.65 percent of the member's compensation, from 11.654 percent. Beginning July 1, 2023, the amount of the member's contribution that exceeds 7.65 percent and that was accumulated between July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2023 may be used in calculating the employers contributions. Retroactive to July 1, 2023.

Last Action

2023-01-30 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/30/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2056 - Dry washes; permit program exemption

Sponsor

Rep. Lupe Diaz (R)

Summary

Declares that a dry wash, arroyo or other similar physical feature on private property that does not contain water is not a "water of Arizona," is exempt from the Dredge and Fill Permit Program, and is not a "water of the United States" under the federal Clean Water Act.

Last Action

2023-01-24 H - DP - House Natural Resources, Energy & Water

HB2210 - Library trustees; annual report

Sponsor

Rep. Justin Wilmeth (R)

Summary

The deadline for the trustees of a public library to make an annual report to the appropriate municipal governing body is moved to the second Monday of July each year, from the first Monday of July.

Last Action

HB2223 - Liquor; licensing; processes; procedures

Sponsor

Rep. Matt Gress (R)

Summary

Various changes to statutes relating to liquor licenses. The Department of Liquor Licenses and Control (DLLC) is authorized to issue on a temporary basis a microbrewery festival liquor license that authorizes the sampling of the microbrewery products on the festival premises and the sale of products for consumption on the festival premises. A microbrewery festival location must be approved by the county board of supervisors or municipal governing body, as applicable. Increases the maximum value of promotional items furnished by a liquor wholesaler to a retailer in a calendar year to \$700, from \$500. Beginning with tax periods that begin January 1, 2024 and after, allows specified liquor licensees to pay luxury privilege taxes on an annual basis instead of a monthly basis.

Last Action

2023-01-23 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2288 - Roundabouts; right-of-way; large vehicles

Sponsor

Rep. David L. Cook (R)

Summary

The operator of a vehicle or combination of vehicles with a total length of at least 40 feet or a total width of at least 10 feet has the right-of-way in a roundabout, and may deviate from the lane in which the operator is driving to the extent necessary to drive through the roundabout. The Department of Transportation or local jurisdiction is required to post a minimum of one yield sign before a roundabout entrance that states "trucks have right-of-way in roundabout."

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 2:00 PM - House TI, HHR 3

HB2309 - Sovereign authority; law enforcement

Sponsor

Rep. Rachel Jones (R)

Summary

This state and all political subdivisions are prohibited from using any personnel or financial resources to enforce, administer or cooperate with any act, law, treaty, order, rule or regulation of the U.S. government that is inconsistent with any law of Arizona regarding the authority of state and local law enforcement agencies.

Last Action

2023-01-30 H - HELD - House Military Affairs & Public Safety

HB2379 - Hotel; motel; vouchers; homeless; prohibition

Sponsor

Rep. Matt Gress (R)

Summary

Counties and municipalities are prohibited from requiring a hotel or motel to participate in any program that houses homeless individuals or families in an unoccupied hotel or motel guest room through the use of a housing voucher.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - DP - House Government

HB2411 - Water supply; elimination; reduction; damages**Sponsor**

Rep. David L. Cook (R)

Summary

If a city provides water to customers outside of the city's service area before January 1, 2023 and reduces or terminates that service on or after January 1, 2023, the city is required to make the same reduction in or termination of the water supply to the Mayor and members of the City Council. If a city terminates water service in these circumstances, the city is liable, with respect to the persons whose water was terminated, for fire damage to personal property, health problems incurred by children as the result of the termination, and attorney fees.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 2:00 PM - House TI, HHR 3

HB2430 - EORP; appropriations; repayment**Sponsor**

Rep. David Livingston (R)

Summary

Beginning July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2033, a specified list of counties and municipalities are required to annually repay the state specified amounts for the amounts paid in FY2022-23 on the local governments' behalf to the Elected Officials' Retirement Plan (EORP) for unfunded accrued liability. Counties and municipalities may pay the annual repayment amount from any source of revenue. Makes a supplemental appropriation of \$609 million from the general fund in FY2022-23 to EORP to pay the unfunded accrued liability for EORP. Numerous appropriations made from the general fund in FY2023-24 for required employer contributions to EORP are reduced.

Emergency clause.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 1:30 PM - House APPROP, HHR 1

HB2447 - TPT; exemption; motor vehicle manufacturers**Sponsor**

Rep. Teresa Martinez (R)

Summary

A vehicle manufacturer or new vehicle dealer that is owned, operated or controlled by the manufacturer or one of its affiliates or subsidiaries is authorized to issue a special ten day nonresident registration permit in order to deliver a vehicle to a nonresident purchaser. The maximum number of these permits that a manufacturer or new dealer may issue in FY2023-24 is 500, and the maximum number will increase by 10 percent each fiscal year after. The list of exemptions from transaction privilege taxes is modified to include sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents if the motor vehicle is sold to a nonresident purchaser who has obtained a special ten day nonresident registration permit. Applies to taxable periods beginning on or after the first day of the month following the effective date of this legislation.

Last Action

2023-01-23 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

HB2483 - Backyard fowl; regulation; prohibition**Sponsor**

Rep. Kevin Payne (R)

Summary

Counties and municipalities are prohibited from adopting a zoning ordinance that prohibits a resident of a single-family detached residence that is one-half acre or less in size from keeping "fowl" (defined as a cock or hen of the domestic chicken) in the backyard of the property. Counties and municipalities are allowed to establish specified regulations on fowl, including restricting the number of fowl and prohibiting a resident from keeping male fowl, including roosters.

Last Action

2023-01-23 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1003 - Traffic violations; identification**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

A person other than the driver of a motor vehicle is required to provide their full name, date of birth, and residence address to a peace officer on request, if the officer has reasonable cause to believe the person has committed a traffic violation. Previously, a person other than the driver was required to provide "evidence of the person's identity" to a peace officer on request.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1004 - Court security officers; duties; jurisdiction**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Court security officers are authorized to respond to threats to and emergencies involving a court participant, including a juror, witness, or victim.

Last Action

2023-01-11 S - Hearing Scheduled 01/11/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1008 - Court fees; costs; deferral; waiver**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

The court is required to grant an application for deferral of court fees and costs if an applicant establishes that the applicant has a gross monthly income that is 225 percent or less of the current federal poverty level, increased from 150 percent or less, or if an applicant establishes that the applicant is receiving benefits from the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (in addition to other programs previously listed). The court is authorized to waive court fees and costs entirely or in part.

Last Action

2023-01-18 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/18/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1011 - Municipalities; partisan elections**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Municipal elections may be held with the candidate's political party registration indicated on the ballot. Applies to municipal elections held on or after January 1, 2024.

Last Action

2023-01-20 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Senate RULES, Caucus Room 1

SB1012 - Inspections; sober living homes**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Counties and municipalities are authorized to conduct inspections at sober living homes to ensure compliance with county or municipal fire codes and zoning ordinances.

Last Action

2023-01-25 S - DP - Senate Commerce

SB1022 - Pedestrians; selling goods; begging; medians**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

Pedestrians are prohibited from selling goods, soliciting donations, or begging on a painted or raised traffic island or median. The penalty for a first violation is a warning, the second violation is a civil traffic violation, and the third or subsequent violation is a class 1 (highest) misdemeanor.

Last Action

2023-01-18 S - DISC/HELD - Senate Military Affairs, Public Safety and Border Security

SB1023 - Residential picketing; offense**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

A person commits residential picketing, a class 3 (lowest) misdemeanor, if the person intentionally engages in picketing or otherwise demonstrates near the residence of an individual if the actions are such that a reasonable person would find the acts harassing, annoying, or alarming, or if the person intends the picketing or demonstrating to harass, annoy, or alarm another person.

Last Action

2023-01-20 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Senate RULES, Caucus Room 1

SB1024 - Public rights-of-way; unlawful acts**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

It is a class 1 (highest) misdemeanor to use a public street, highway, alley, sidewalk, or other right-of-way for lying, sleeping, or otherwise remaining in a sitting position unless the person is experiencing a physical emergency, the violation occurs in the course of administering medical assistance, or the right-of-way is subject to a permit to conduct a festival, fair, parade, concert, fireworks display, or other similar event.

Last Action

2023-01-18 S - DISC/HELD - Senate Military Affairs, Public Safety and Border Security

SB1025 - Political signs; tourism zones**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

The area of each commercial tourism political sign free zone designated by a municipality is limited to 10 percent of the total area of the municipality, and each zone is required to have a "reock score" (calculation specified) of 0.20 or more. Municipalities are allowed to establish one or more areas within its zones in which political signs are allowed but are required to include those areas in calculating the area of the zone to determine compliance with these requirements.

Last Action

2023-01-23 S - DP - Senate Elections

SB1031 - Public employees; employment; termination**Sponsor**

Sen. Anthony Kern (R)

Summary

State agencies and political subdivisions are prohibited from terminating an employee based on the employee's vaccination status or political affiliation. A violation is subject to a civil penalty of 10 percent of the state agency's or political subdivision's budget from the prior fiscal year.

Last Action

2023-01-11 S - Hearing Scheduled 01/11/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1033 - TPT; diapers; feminine hygiene; exemption.**Sponsor**

Sen. Thomas "T.J." Shope (R)

Summary

The list of exemptions from the retail classification of transaction privilege and use taxes is expanded to include disposable diapers, other similar disposable items commonly used for incontinence, and a list of feminine hygiene products. Applies to tax periods beginning on or after the first day of the month following the general effective date.

Last Action

2023-01-09 S - Introduced

SB1055 - Full-service crime labs; funding**Sponsor**

Sen. David Gowan (R)

Summary

The Department of Public Safety (DPS) is required to allocate and distribute the monies in the DPS Forensics Fund to each "full-service crime laboratory," defined as a crime lab operated by a criminal justice agency of the state or a political subdivision that is accredited, that provides at least six forensic disciplines, and that meets other specified requirements, based on the percentage of the state population served by each full-service crime laboratory. Previously, DPS was authorized to use 55 percent of the monies in the Fund and was required to distribute the remainder to specified municipal police departments.

Last Action

2023-01-23 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/23/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1063 - Food; municipal tax; exemption...**Sponsor**

Sen. Sonny Borrelli (R)

Summary

Municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions are prohibited from levying a transaction privilege, sales, or use tax or fee on the sale of food items intended for human consumption or home consumption (as defined elsewhere in statute and by rule).

Applies to tax periods on or after the first day of the month following the general effective date.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 8:00 AM - Senate COM, SHR 1

SB1064 - Sentencing enhancements; drug-free zones**Sponsor**

Sen. John Kavanagh (R)

Summary

It is unlawful for a person to knowingly be present in a "drug-free neighborhood zone" (defined) to sell or transfer marijuana, peyote, prescription-only drugs, dangerous drugs or narcotic drugs. A person in violation is guilty of the same class of felony that the person would otherwise be guilty of had the violation not occurred within a drug-free neighborhood zone, except that the presumptive, minimum and maximum sentence must be increased by one year, and the court is required to order the person to pay a fine of at least \$2,000 or three times the value of the drugs involved, whichever is greater.

Last Action

2023-01-27 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/02/2023 9:00 AM - Senate JUD, SHR 1

SB1096 - Firearms; contracts; prohibited practices**Sponsor**

Sen. Frank Carroll (R)

Summary

A "public entity" (defined) is prohibited from entering into a contract with a value of \$100,000 or more with a company to acquire or dispose of services, supplies, information technology, or construction unless the contract includes a written certification that the company does not currently, and agrees for the duration of the contract that it will not, discriminate against a "firearm entity" or "firearm trade association" (both defined).

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 8:00 AM - Senate COM, SHR 1

SB1097 - Truck routes; designation**Sponsor**

Sen. Frank Carroll (R)

Summary

The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) or a local authority may only restrict or prohibit a "vehicle of legal size" (defined) from operating on a highway that is a "major arterial street" (defined) and that connects two or more local jurisdictions if ADOT or the local authority conducts a test drive or applies a vehicle template on the highway that shows that a vehicle of a legal size may not safely operate on the highway. A local authority that passed an ordinance before the effective date of this legislation that is

inconsistent with these provisions is required to repeal or amend the ordinance to comply with this act within 90 days after the effective date or the ordinance is invalid.

Last Action

2023-01-24 H - Hearing Scheduled 01/30/2023 2:00 PM - Senate TAT, SHR 2

SB1116 - Political signs; public roadways; prohibition

Sponsor

Sen. Steve Kaiser (R)

Summary

A person is prohibited from placing a political sign in or on the right-of-way of a public road.

Last Action

2023-02-01 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 - Second Reading, Floor

SB1166 - Public employers; postsecondary degree requirements

Sponsor

Sen. Steve Kaiser (R)

Summary

Public employers are prohibited from rejecting an applicant solely for not having a postsecondary degree. Public employers are allowed to include a postsecondary degree as a baseline requirement only as an alternative to a particular number of years of direct experience. Some exceptions. Contains legislative findings. Effective January 1, 2024.

Last Action

2023-01-26 H - Hearing Scheduled 02/01/2023 8:00 AM - Senate COM, SHR 1

SCR1002 - Constitutional amendments; sixty percent approval

Sponsor

Sen. Anthony Kern (R)

Summary

The 2024 general election ballot is to carry the question of whether to amend the state Constitution to require approval by 60 percent of the votes cast on the measure for an initiative or referendum measure that amends the state Constitution to become law, instead of a majority of the votes cast.

Last Action

2023-01-23 S - DP - Senate Elections